Low-power Si-photonic Multi-channel Filter Controller for High-capacity Programmable Optical Switching Network

Thesis Proposal

김 현 규

Contents

Introduction

- Motivation
- Previous research
- Research plan

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Data-center Nowadays



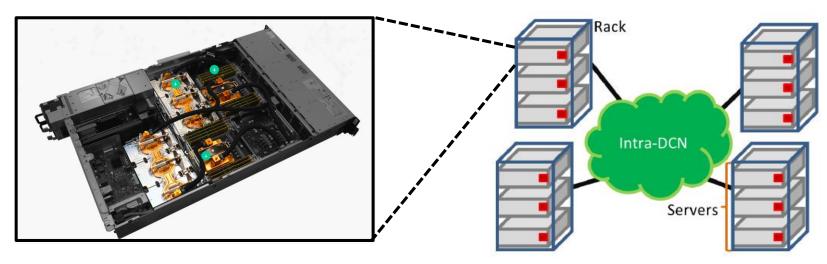
Why the data center industry continues to grow?

- Rapid growth of mobile / cloud / video service
- Machine to Machine(M2M) communication





Growing burden to Data-center



< Nodes of IBM – ORNL SUMMIT >

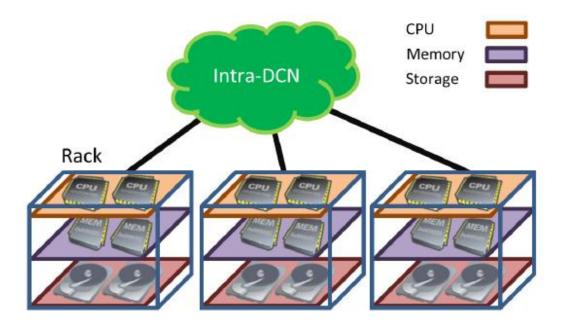
- Processing : 26.7 TFLOPS
- Efficiency : 13.9 GFLOPS/W
- Mellanox EDR 100G InfiniBand Opcial I/O

- Increasing data traffic leads to inefficiency of available resources
- \checkmark Delay in data processing \rightarrow Worse quality of service
- > Need a new type of server and network architecture





Next Generation of Data-center Network(DCN)



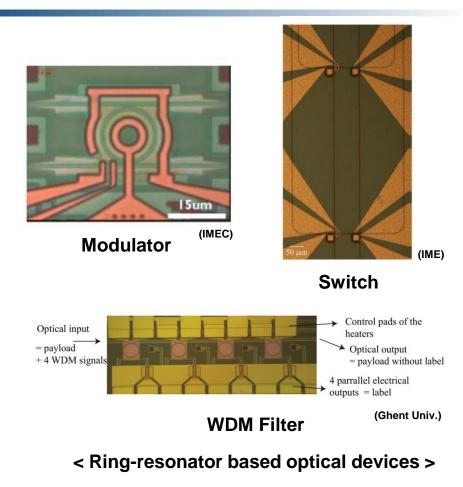
< Disaggregated Data-center Network >

- \succ Optical link of data center : Between server I/O \rightarrow Between hierarchy I/O
- \blacktriangleright Beyond the limits of electrical switches \rightarrow Optical switch



What to do?

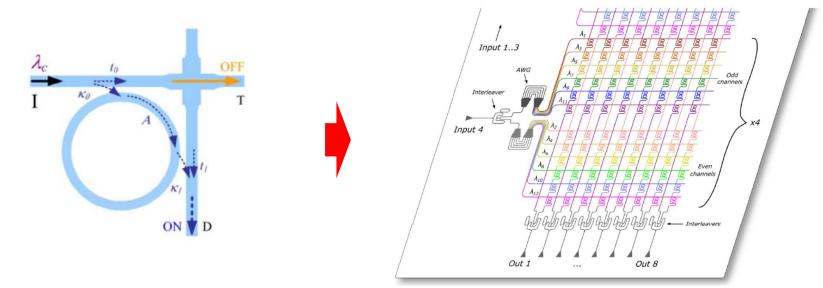
- Ring-resonator based switching network
- ✓ Using Si wafer
 - Mass production
 - Using existing Si industry
- ✓ Small footprint device
 - High integration density
 - \rightarrow Si photonics based ring-resonator





What to do?

• Scalable algorithm



✓ Series processing

 \rightarrow Control algorithm design needs to be considered up to N matrices

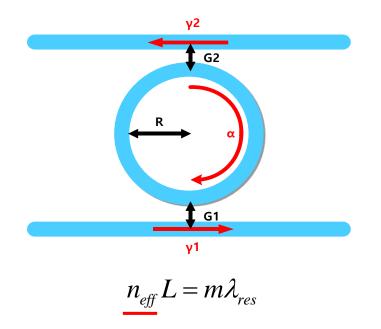
✓ Parallel processing





What to do?

• Power consumption optimization



\rightarrow Sensitive to temperature!

- ✓ Unsystemized channel scanning and routing
- ✓ Uncertainty by process variation
 - High power consumption for control



- 1. Using systemized initial scanning method
- 2. Compensate the process variation





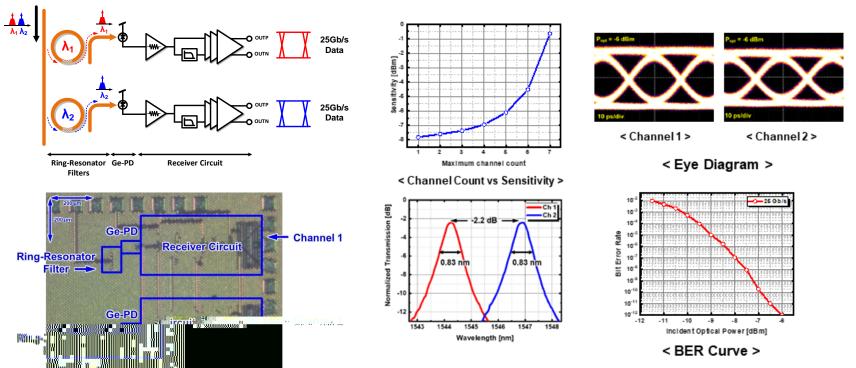
What I did?

Co-optimization of ring-resonator and optical receiver

25Gb/s × 2 Input Optical Data

SF

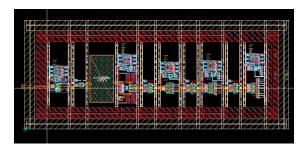
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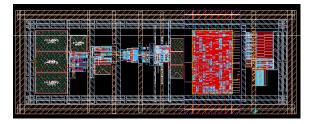


What I did?

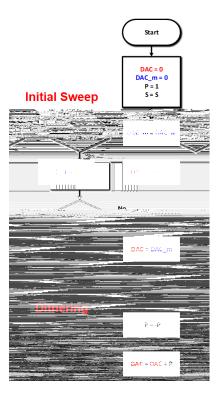
• FSR-scanning filter controller



< Receiver block >



< Controller block >

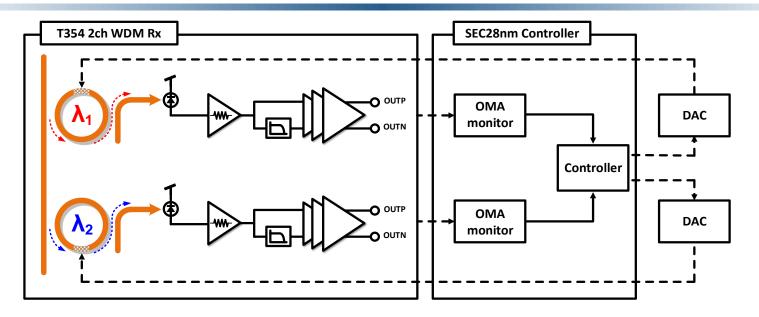


현재 실험 진행중!





연구 목표 – 1차 (2020. 08. ~ 2020. 12.)

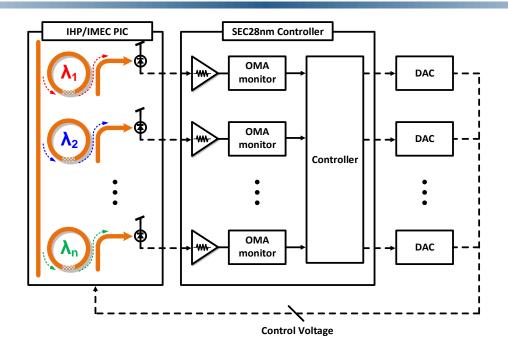


- 2채널 WDM receiver를 이용한 calibration + scanning algorithm 검증
 - ▶ Initial calibration 알고리즘 + 채널 1개 스캔 기능이 2채널에서 제대로 동작하는지 검증하는 것이 목표
 - ▶ T354 EPIC 칩 + S2003 칩 (9~10월 중 chip out)





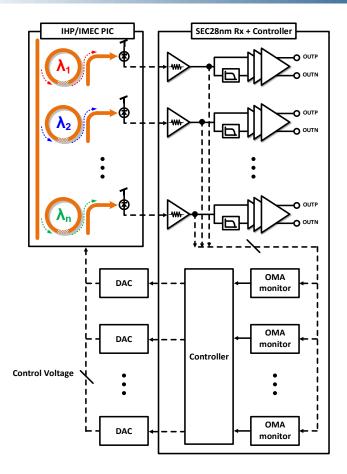
연구 목표 – 2차 (2021.01. ~ 2020.12.)



- 1차에서 검증된 controller를 확장해 4채널 filter controller 설계
 - ▶ Filter+PD+TIA를 활용, 4채널 filter controller 설계 (채널 라우팅 기능 추가)
 - ▶ IHP(T354, T448) or IMEC PIC + CMOS 공정 활용 (필요하다면 IDEC을 통해서도 진행할 예정)



연구 목표 – 3차 (2022.01. ~ 2022.12.)



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- 2차에서 검증된 controller algorithm이 탑재된 4채널 100-Gb/s 급 receiver system
 - 2차에서 검증된 다채널 filter controller를 활용해 4 x 25 Gb/s receiver와 integration
 - ▶ 위와 마찬가지로 IHP(T354, T448) or IMEC PIC
 + CMOS 공정 활용 (or EPIC)



요약

• 논문 제목

- 국문 : 대용량 프로그래머블 광 스위치 네트워크를 위한 저전력 실리콘 포토닉스 기반 다중 필터 제어기
- 영문: Low-power Si-photonic Multi-channel Filter Controller for High-capacity Programmable Optical Switching Network

● 최종 연구 목표

▶ 확장성 있는 Reconfigurable control algorithm을 탑재한 2(4)채널 ring-filter 기반 receiver system 구현

- ✓ 2(4) 채널 링 필터 + 4 x 25-Gb/s급 Optical Receiver (Hybrid Integration)
- ✓ 링필터의 process variation을 initial calibration
- ✓ 필터 1개 스캔으로 전체 채널 할당 가능
- ✓ 채널 재구성 가능



Research Groun